

## AMBULATORY SURGERY CENTERS AN OVERVIEW OF THE INDUSTRY



### BACKGROUND

Ambulatory Surgery Centers—known as ASCs—are modern health care facilities focused on providing same-day surgical care, including diagnostic and preventive health care procedures. ASCs have transformed the outpatient experience for millions of Americans by offering a convenient, personalized, lower-cost alternative to hospitals—and have done so with a strong track record of top quality care and positive patient outcomes.

Only 40 years ago, virtually all surgeries and diagnostic procedures were performed in hospitals. Today, as a result of medical advancements and new technologies—including minimally invasive surgical techniques and improved anesthesia—a whole new range of procedures can be performed on an outpatient basis. Since the first physician-led facility opened in 1970, ASCs have provided patients with a highly specialized and more affordable alternative to hospital outpatient departments (HOPDs).

On average, Medicare pays significantly less for procedures performed in ASCs than it pays to hospital outpatient facilities for the same procedure. Those savings are passed on to patients and insurers, including Medicare and Medicaid, in the form of lower health care spending and copayments.

ASCs offer considerable cost savings to patients and Medicare. According to a recent analysis by the University of California-Berkeley Nicholas C. Petris Center on Health Care Markets and Consumer Welfare, during the four-year period from 2008 to 2011, ASCs saved the Medicare program **\$7.5 billion—\$2.3 billion** in 2011 alone. The Berkeley researchers also found that ASCs have the potential to save Medicare up to **\$57.6 billion more** over the next decade.

### CONVENIENCE AND ACCESS

- ▶ There are more than 5,300 Medicare-certified ASCs across all 50 states, with more than 1,000 facilities owned in partnership with community hospitals.
- ▶ ASCs focus on outpatient surgical and diagnostic procedures, with ASC patients reporting a 92 percent satisfaction rate.
- ▶ As essential Medicare providers of surgical and cancer screening services, ASCs perform more than 40 percent of all Medicare colonoscopies, contributing to a decade-long decrease in colorectal cancer mortality.
- ▶ The majority of ASCs are at least partially owned by physicians, which allows for better control over scheduling. As a result, procedures in ASCs are not often delayed or rescheduled due to staffing issues or competing demands for operating room space from emergency cases. Additionally, physicians can personally guide innovative strategies for governance, leadership and quality initiatives.

## **ASC REGULATION**

All ASCs are subject to rigorous oversight and independent inspections to assess each center's level of compliance with both state and national standards. These on-site surveys, like those conducted at hospitals and other facilities, evaluate ASCs on a wide range of demanding clinical, operational and quality standards.

- ▶ State-specific licensure is required by most states for ASCs to operate (e.g., ongoing inspection and reporting).
- ▶ ASCs that treat Medicare beneficiaries must meet federal government standards and demonstrate continual compliance with Medicare's standards.
- ▶ A high percentage of the industry obtains additional accreditation from several leading organizations, including The Joint Commission and the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Health Care (AAAHC).

## **INNOVATIVE PRACTICES**

ASCs make valuable contributions to the evolution and improvement of health care by advancing innovations in anesthesia practice, new devices and surgical techniques.

For example, the industry has led the development of minimally invasive procedures and the advancement of technology to replace the intraocular lens. This procedure is now commonly used nearly one million times each year to restore vision for Medicare patients with cataracts. Once an inpatient hospital procedure, it can now safely be done at an ASC at a much lower cost.